Appl. No. 10/512,124 Amdt. dated November 21, 2008 Reply to Office Action of May 30, 2008

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application;

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 to 4 (canceled).

Claim 5 (currently amended). A method for inhibiting a <u>viral</u> infection in a <u>mammalian</u> cell, comprising contacting the cell <u>with an effective amount of an imidazequinoline</u> eompound of poly I:C to stimulate induction of <u>interferon regulatory factor 3-IRF3</u> in the <u>mammalian</u> cell, thereby <u>increasing expression of interferon β in the cell and inhibiting the viral infection.</u>

Claims 6 to 19 (canceled).

Claim 20 (currently amended). A method for inhibiting viral replication in a cell by stimulating the induction of TLR3/TLR4 and interferon regulatory factor 3 IRF3 pathways in the cell, comprising contacting the cell with an effective amount of an imidazequinoline eempound poly I:C, thereby increasing expression of interferon β in the cell and inhibiting the viral replication in the cell.

Claims 21 to 24 (canceled).

Claim 25 (previously presented). The method of claim 5, wherein the cell is a macrophage.

Claim 26 (previously presented). The method of claim 20, wherein the cell is a macrophage.

Claim 27 (new). The method of claim 5, wherein said inhibiting is in vivo.

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Claim 28 (new). The method of claim 5, wherein said inhibiting is in vitro.

Claim 29 (new). The method of claim 20, wherein said inhibiting is in vivo.

Claim 30 (new). The method of claim 20, wherein said inhibiting is in vitro.

Claim 31 (new). A method of inhibiting a viral infection in a human,

comprising administering to the human an effective amount of poly I:C to stimulate induction of interferon regulatory factor 3 and increase the expression of interferon β , thereby inhibiting the viral infection.